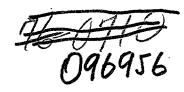
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UNITED STATES GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE WASHINGTON, D.C. 20548



DOWN JANGERS TO MOLITY OF PROPERTY STUDIES

8-115330

The Honorable James L. Cowen
Chairman, Railroad Retirement Board

Dear Mr. Cowen:

We reviewed the accounting system of the Railroad Retirement Board (RRS) to determine whether it was being operated in accordance with the design approved by the Comptroller General in 1971.

Except as noted in this report, the accounting system was being operated in accordance with the system design approved by the Comptroller General and appears to be substantially in compliance with the principles, standards, and related requirements prescribed by the Comptroller General.

Our conclusion is based on a review, including limited tests of the procedures used to control and account for revenues and collections, disbursements, obligations, and property; the accounting procedures used in maintaining the general ledger and the subsidiary cost ledger; and the effectiveness of the accounting system in proficing financial information useful to management. A separate review is being made of the manual and automatic data processing controls in the retirement and unemployment benefit payments system and will be the subject of another report.

INTERNAL REVIEW OF AGGODINABLE OFFICERS' FUNCTIONS AND FINANCIAL REPORTS TO BE EXPANDED

The RRB did not provide for internal review coverage on a "cyclical basis of accountable officer functions and financial reports. The Chief Executive Officer informed us that he concurred in our observations and that the internal augit staff will prepare a plan for systematic review of them.

The Congress recognized the role and usefulness of internal auditing in section 113 of the Budget and Accounting Procedures Act of 1950 which provides in part, that the head of each executive agency shall establish and maintain systems of accounting and internal control designed to provide effective control over and accountability for all funds, property, and other assets for which the agency is responsible, including appropriate internal audit.

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The Comptroller General reemphasized to heads of impartments and agencies their responsibilities for proper accounting and internal control, including internal audit, by letter dated August 1, 1969 (3-161457). To adequately discharge these responsibilities, the Comptroller General reemphasized that procedures and controls should include the conduct of systematic internal reviews independent of accountable officers to assure that adequate administrative procedures for systematically examining disbursement and collection transactions to verify their legality, propriety, and correctness are being followed; that effective controls are maintained over disbursements, collections, and balances for which accountable officers are responsible; and that appropriate administrative actions are taken to octain any necessary corrective action required.

Title 3 of the GAO Policy and Procedures Manual for Guidance of Federal Agencies states that internal audit should include the review of the operation of the whole system of management controls over operations and resources to ascertain whether they are functioning in accordance with their design and are functioning effectively. Further, the reliability of the data used by management for internal purposes and for external reports chould be established through the internal audit examination and testing of accounting and other records.

During the 3 years ended December 31, 1974, the SCD internal audit staff made only limited reviews of Lucountable officer functions and no reviews of financial reports. The internal audit staff also did not review the adequacy of controls and procedures for retirement benefit payments and other administrative dispursements, fund controls, property and other assets, and the reliability of financial reports.

In a letter dated February 10, 1970 (F-114617), Mo reported to the Board that internal auditors were being used med to perform like operating functions. Our current review indicates that in 1973 FRM again assigned internal audit staff to operating functions.

In commenting on the accve matters, the Chief Recentive Afficar advised us that internal audit coverage was limited in the cost que to the small staff, the need to allocate time for quant of field offices and for other reviews and investigations requested by the Board, and the need to detail staff to perform priority program functions in implementing numerous amendments to the Reilroad Retirement Act or the Social Security Act.

The Chief Executive Officer informed us that, in accordance with our proposal, the internal audit staff will prepare a plan for systematic review of accountable officers' functions and financial reports. He also agreed that future diversion of the internal audit staff to operating functions would be limited to emergencies.

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TIMEN HUMBITERIES OF PERCHAL PROTERTY OF SE TAYER

The PPS failed to take physical inventories of office machines every year and equipment and furniture every 2 years as provided in the approved accounting system design.

Subsection 12.5 of Title 2 of the GAD Policy and Proculures Manual for Guidance of Federal Agencies requires independent checks on the accuracy of the accounting records through periodic physical inventories. Physical inventories taken at regular intervals are necessary to determine whether accounting procedures provide adequate and accurate information on changes in the investment in personal property.

The RRB conducted timely inventories of property recard in field offices. However, the most recent inventory of neadquarters property, covering all equipment and furniture, was completed in August 1909. Thus, the accuracy of the property accounting records and the effectiveness of the procedures in use have not been reviewed in even 5 years.

We proposed that RPB conduct timely physical inventories in the future.

In commenting on these matters, the Chief Executive Officer advised up that he plans to have a complete inventory when of all accountable property in the headquarters building and that a regular inventory schedule would be followed thereafter.

PROCEDURES TO ESTABLISH ACCOUNTABILITY CVPH CASH REMITTANCES TO BE DEFINED

The RRB had not established adequate procedures Air controlling collection remittances not irrediately processed for imposit.

Title 7 of the GAO Policy and Procedures Manual for Citizence of Federal Agencies requires that proper records and adequate physical control be maintained eyer monies received. Agencies are responsible for placing the collections under appropriate accounting control promptly upon receipt. Section 11 of Title 7 of the GAO Manual specificall, requires that control records disclose:

- Collections which have not been deposited.
- 2. Deposits in transit which have not been approwhed by the depository.
- 3. Doposits which have been acknowledged by the icrository.

Cash remittances at EPD are received by four different processing units as collections of unerployment insurance contributions, Medicare premiums, wenefit overpayments, and miscellaneous general receipts. Only one unit prepared an immediate control listing or record for each remittance identified. Also, the transfer of remittances between units was not always recorded property.

We proposed that MRB procedures provide for an accountability record over cash remittances which are not immediately scheduled for deposit and are transferred to another processing unit.

The Uniof Executive Officer agreed that improved cash accountability procedures were needed and advised us that steps would be taken to astholish them.

CHANGES IN THE ACCOUNT HAS INCOME.

The RRb is in the process of converting its general and subsidiary ledgers from a manual system to an automatic data processing system. The objectives of the system are to (1) prepare more timely reports, (2) facilitate detailed analyses of accounting data, and (3) provide additional data for outget preparation and implementation. In addition, new fund accounts and related procedures will be established in Laplamenting the Railmond Retirement Act of 1974 and the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973.

The cosign for the accounting system of the RRS was accrowed with the conferstaviling that any changes in the accounting system that materially affect the design would be discussed with GAO representatives and if appropriate, submitted for approval as required by 2 GAO 31. Therefore, those changes should be discussed with our representatives may can ble for the approval of accounting systems.

In addition, RRA officials agreed to provide revised sections of the deal-m ranual to the representatives of our Chicago Responding Office, as the manyou are implemented.

Accordingly, we are making no recommendations on this matter, pending the receipt of the changes to the accounting system.

In accordance with 3 NAO 13, the records supporting the accounts of accountable officers through June 30, 1974, may be transmitted to the federal records center for storage as provided by RRB's records management program.

We want to thank the Chief Executive Officer and the staff of the Office of Budget and Fiscal Operations and the Office of Management Control for their cooperation and assistance.

We would appreciate your comments and advice as to any further actions taken or planned on the matters discussed in this report.

Sincerely yours

D. L. Ccartlebury

Director

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